

# Novel Synthesis of Heterocycles Having a Functionalized Carbon Center via Nickel-Mediated Carboxylation: Total Synthesis of Erythrocaline

Kazuya Shimizu, Masanori Takimoto and Miwako Mori\*

Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Hokkaido University,  
Sapporo 060-0812, Japan

## Supporting Information

**General Information.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR were recorded on a JEOL EX-270 (270 MHz for  $^1\text{H}$ , 67.5 MHz for  $^{13}\text{C}$ ), or JEOL AL-400 (400 MHz for  $^1\text{H}$ , 100 MHz, for  $^{13}\text{C}$ ) instrument in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  with tetramethylsilane as an internal standard otherwise mentioned. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm (*d*), multiplicity (*s* = singlet, *d* = doublet, *t* = triplet, *q* = quartet, *m* = multiplet, *br* = broad signal), coupling constant (Hz), integration. Infrared spectra (IR) were obtained on a Perkin Elmer 1605 FTIR spectrometer. Mass spectra were obtained on either a JEOL JMS-FABmate (EI), a JEOL JMS-HX110 (FAB), or a JEOL JMS-700TZ (ESI). Silica gel column chromatography was performed by Merck Silica Gel 60 (70-230 or 230-400 mesh ATM). For analytical or preparative TLC, Merck Silica Gel 60 PF<sub>254</sub> was used. All solvents and reagents were purified when necessary using standard procedures.  $\text{Ni}(\text{cod})_2$  was prepared by a literature procedure<sup>1</sup> and handled under an argon atmosphere. All reactions were carried out under argon.  $\text{Me}_2\text{Zn}$  was purchased from Kanto Chemical Co. Inc. Alkynyl zinc reagent was prepared from lithium TNS acetylide and  $\text{ZnCl}_2$  in the usual method.

**Typical Procedure for the synthesis of  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ester (2a)** To a stirred suspension of  $\text{Ni}(\text{cod})_2$  (110 mg, 0.40 mmol) and DBU (0.12 mL, 0.80 mmol) in degassed THF (5.8 mL) was slowly added **1a** (89 mg, 0.36 mmol) at 0 °C for 1 h and

the solution was stirred at the same temperature for 2 h. To this solution was added Me<sub>2</sub>Zn (1.0 M hexane solution, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at 0 °C and the solution was stirred at 0 °C until the spot of **1a** disappeared on TLC. To this solution was added 10% HCl and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The crude product was treated with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> and it was purified by column chromatography (hexane/ethyl acetate, 10/1) on silica gel to give a crude α,β-unsaturated ester **2a** (94 mg, 81%)

**Typical Procedure for Synthesis of Heterocycles Using Michael Addition.** To a solution of **2a** (53.4 mg, 0.167 mmol) in THF (1.0 ml) was added TBAF (1.0 M THF solution, 0.4 mL, 0.4 mmol) at 0 °C and the solution was stirred at 0 °C for 100 min. To this solution was added aqueous sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate, 3/1) to give isobenzofurane **3a** (28 mg, 81%).

### Substrate for Synthesis of Heterocycles

**tert-Butyl-(2-ethynyl-benzyloxy)-dimethylsilane (1a).** IR (neat) 3301, 2955, 2100, 1078 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.15 (s, 6 H), 1.00 (s, 9 H), 3.31 (s, 1 H), 4.94 (s, 2 H), 7.21 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.47 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.59 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.22, 18.47, 26.02, 63.10, 81.03, 82.00, 118.73, 125.69, 126.33, 128.89, 132.20, 143.72; LR MS (ESI)  $m/z$  246 (M<sup>+</sup>), 231, 189, 115, 75; HR MS (EI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>OSi 246.1440, found 246.1456.

**tert-Butyl-[2-(2-ethynyl-phenyl)-ethoxy]-dimethyl-silane (1b).** IR (neat) 3303, 2105, 1094 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.00 (s, 6 H), 0.89 (s, 9 H), 3.05 (t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.25 (s, 1 H), 3.87 (t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.13-7.30 (m, 3 H), 7.47 (d,  $J$  =

7.6 Hz, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -5.31, 18.39, 25.99, 38.17, 63.31, 80.53, 82.30, 121.75, 126.05, 128.56, 130.00, 132.73, 141.48; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  260 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 245, 203, 129, 115, 75; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{OSi}$  260.1596, found 260.1602.

**Benzyl-(2-ethynyl-benzyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1c).** IR (neat) 3291, 2976, 1694, 1165, 760  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.45 (s, 9/2 H), 1.48 (s, 9/2 H), 3.20 (s, 1 H), 4.36 (s, 2/2 H), 4.47 (s, 2/2 H), 4.56 (s, 2/2 H), 4.76 (s, 2/2 H), 7.19-7.48 (m, 9 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  28.41, 47.66 (Bn-C), 48.05 (Bn-C), 49.93, 80.03, 81.31, 81.90 (alkyne-C), 82.15 (alkyne-C), 126.23, 126.67 (Ar-CH), 126.84 (Ar-CH), 127.07, 127.34 (Ar-CH), 127.50 (Ar-CH), 128.29, 129.01, 132.76, 137.86 (Ar-C), 138.10 (Ar-C), 140.35 (Ar-C), 155.91 (Ar-C); LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  265 ( $\text{M}^+ - \text{tBu-H}$ ), 248, 220, 115; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2\text{N}$  (-Bu) 264.1024, found 264.1022.

**Benzyl-[2-(2-ethynyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1d).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.45 (s, 9 H), 2.99 (br, 17/15 H), , 3.07 (br, 13/15 H), 3.21 (s, 1 H), 3.41 (br, 2 H), 4.32 (s, 13/15 H), 4.43 (br, 17/15 H), 7.12-7.48 (m, 8 H), 3.07 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  27.45, 28.45, 33.21, 47.17, 50.40, 79.75, 80.64, 82.09, 121.67, 126.19, 127.02, 127.15, 127.76, 128.33, 128.92, 129.46, 132.84, 138.35, 138.65; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  335 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 262, 234, 220, 91, 57; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2$  335.1885, found 335.1885.

## Synthesis of Heterocycles

**3-[2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxymethyl)-phenyl]-but-2-enoic acid methyl ester (2a).** IR (neat) 2952, 1721, 1641, 1169, 838  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.08 (s, 6 H), 0.92 (s, 9 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H), 3.74 (s, 3 H), 4.65 (s, 2 H), 5.80 (s, 1 H), 7.07 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (dd,  $J = 7.6, 7.0$  Hz, 1 H), 7.31 (dd,  $J = 7.2, 7.0$  Hz, 1 H), 7.50 (d,  $J = 7.2, 7.0$  Hz, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -5.27, 18.38, 21.07,

25.94, 51.03, 62.65, 118.99, 126.84, 126.92, 127.61, 127.75, 136.99, 142.11, 157.20, 166.70; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  315 ( $M^+$ -Me), 289, 263, 59; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $C_{14}H_{19}O_3Si$  (M-Me) 263.1103, found 263.1115.

**(1-Methyl-1,3-dihydro-isobenzofuran-1-yl)-acetic acid methyl ester (3a).** IR (neat) 1738, 1030  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  1.62 (s, 3 H), 2.77 (d,  $J = 14.4$  Hz, 1 H), 2.82 (d,  $J = 14.4$  Hz, 1 H), 3.60 (s, 3 H), 5.08 (d,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 1 H), 5.11 (d,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 1 H), 7.14-7.29 (m, 4 H);  $^{13}C$  NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  27.12, 45.80, 51.51, 71.62, 85.91, 120.90, 120.95, 127.28, 127.64, 138.55, 144.30, 170.48; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  206 ( $M^+$ ), 191, 133, 91, 77; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$  206.0939, found 206.0943; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$ : C, 69.88; H, 6.84. Found: C, 69.83; H, 6.95.

**3-{2-[2-(*tert*-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethyl]-phenyl}-but-2-enoic acid methyl ester (2b).** IR (neat) 2952, 1721, 1640, 1169, 1094, 838  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  -0.01 (s, 6 H), 0.86 (s, 9 H), 2.47 (d,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 3 H), 2.81 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2 H), 3.74 (s, 3 H), 3.75 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2 H), 5.78 (q, 1 H), 7.04-7.26 (m, 4 H);  $^{13}C$  NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  -5.33, 18.42, 21.71, 25.97, 51.06, 64.27, 119.23, 126.11, 127.12, 127.51, 130.19, 134.65, 143.99, 158.14, 166.71; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  319 ( $M^+$ -Me), 303, 277, 115, 59; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $C_{19}H_{30}O_3Si$  (M-Me) 334.1729, found 319.1733; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$ : C, 68.22; H, 9.04. Found: C, 68.12; H, 8.90.

**(1-Methyl-isochroman-1-yl)-acetic acid methyl ester (3b).** IR (neat) 2949, 1737, 1099  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  1.63 (s, 3 H), 2.77 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1 H), 2.77-2.89 (m, 2 H), 2.93 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.63 (s, 3 H), 3.90-4.04 (m, 2 H), 7.05-7.20 (m, 4 H);  $^{13}C$  NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  27.78, 29.24, 46.49, 51.53, 59.87, 75.19, 125.05, 126.19, 126.32, 128.84, 133.18, 140.86, 170.47; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  220 ( $M^+$ ), 205, 147, 91, 77; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_3$  220.1084, found 220.1099; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_3$ : C, 70.89; H, 7.32. Found: C, 70.70; H, 7.42.

**3-{2-[(Benzyl-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-but-2-enoic acid methyl ester (2c).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.47 (s, 9 H), 2.35 (s, 3 H), 3.70 (s, 3 H), 4.34-4.46 (m, 4 H), 5.69 (s, 1 H), 7.05-7.32 (m, 9 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.71, 29.05, 47.37, 50.02, 51.67, 80.77, 119.84, 127.62, 127.81, 127.88, 128.43, 128.54, 129.05, 143.30, 138.24, 143.89, 156.47, 157.65, 167.03; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  395 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 339, 294, 91; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{29}\text{O}_4\text{N}$  395.2096, found 395.2097.

**(2-Benzyl-1-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-isoindol-1-yl)-acetic acid methyl ester (3c).** IR (neat) 2949, 1732, 1209, 1170  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.52 (s, 3 H), 2.80 (d,  $J = 13.5$  Hz, 1 H), 2.86 (d,  $J = 13.5$  Hz, 1 H), 3.55 (s, 3 H), 3.74 (d,  $J = 12.9$  Hz, 1 H), 3.84 (d,  $J = 13.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.88 (d,  $J = 13.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.99 (d,  $J = 12.9$  Hz, 1 H), 7.13-7.44 (m, 9 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  23.25, 42.52, 51.28, 52.22, 55.44, 67.22, 122.22, 122.82, 126.51, 126.82, 126.89, 128.20, 128.41, 138.28, 139.61, 146.42, 171.47; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  295 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 280, 222, 204, 91; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_2$  295.1572, found 295.1574.

**3-{2-[2-(Benzyl-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-but-2-enoic acid methyl ester (2d).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.47 (s, 9 H), 2.41 (s, 3 H), 2.75 (br, 2 H), 3.26 (s, 8/7 H), 3.36 (s, 6/7 H), 3.75 (s, 3 H), 4.30 (s, 6/7 H), 4.39 (s, 8/7 H), 5.74 (s, 1 H), 7.01-7.31 (m, 9 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  21.62, 28.41, 31.51, 48.20, 50.03, 51.01, 79.70, 119.12, 126.17, 127.07, 127.19, 127.77, 128.34, 129.85, 134.94, 138.12, 143.71, 155.37, 157.85, 166.49.

**(2-Benzyl-1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolin-1-yl)-acetic acid methyl ester (3d).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.56 (s, 3 H), 2.56-2.66 (m, 2 H), 2.74-2.84 (m, 2 H), 2.96 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.03 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.50 (s, 1 H), 3.56 (d,  $J =$

14.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.08(d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1 H) 7.04-7.56 (m, 9 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  23.82, 29.91, 42.81, 45.29, 51.17, 53.33, 60.30, 125.61, 125.70, 126.44, 126.60, 128.11, 128.63, 135.45, 140.42, 141.97, 171.20.

**3-{2-[(Benzyl-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-5-(trimethyl-silanyl)-pent-2-en-4-ynoic acid methyl ester (2e).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (270 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.15 (s, 9 H), 1.43 (s, 9 H), 3.78 (s, 3 H), 4.45 (br, 4 H), 6.05 (s, 1 H), 7.20-7.37 (m, 10 H).

**[2-Benzyl-1-(trimethyl-silanylethynyl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-isoindol-1-yl]-acetic acid methyl ester (3e).**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (270 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.16 (s, 9 H), 3.13 (s, 2 H), 3.56 (s, 3 H), 3.63 (d,  $J = 13.2$  Hz, 1 H), 3.68 (d,  $J = 13.2$  Hz, 1 H), 3.90 (d,  $J = 13.2$  Hz, 1 H), 4.18 (d,  $J = 13.2$  Hz, 1 H).

## Total Synthesis of Erythrocaline

**Trimethyl-[6-(2-nitro-vinyl)-benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylethynyl]-silane (10).** A solution of **9** (246 mg, 1.0 mmol),  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAc}$  (64 mg, 0.83 mmol) and  $\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$  (0.27 ml, 5.0 mmol) in  $\text{AcOH}$  (2.5 ml) was heated at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  for 7 h. Solvent was removed and the residue was purified by recrystallization from ether to give colorless crystals of **10** (1.23 g, 85 %). IR (film) 3104, 2955, 2149, 1610, 1330, 1253, 1034  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  0.28 (s, 9 H), 6.05 (s, 2 H), 6.94 (s, 1 H), 6.96 (s, 1 H), 7.57 (d,  $J = 13.6$  Hz, 1 H), 8.46 (d,  $J = 13.6$  Hz, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -0.21, 101.35, 101.40, 101.90, 105.95, 112.34, 120.84, 126.62, 136.50, 136.92, 148.63, 150.50; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  289 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 243, 73; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4\text{Si}$  289.0770, found 289.0788; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4\text{Si}$ : C, 58.11; H, 5.22; N, 4.84. Found: C, 58.06; H, 5.32; N, 4.82.

**[2-(6-Ethynyl-benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester (1f).** To a suspension of  $\text{LiAlH}_4$  (885 mg, 23.3 mmol) in ether (25 ml) was added **10** (2.25 g) in ether (25 ml) at  $-78^\circ\text{C}$  and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Water (0.9 ml), 15% aqueous NaOH solution (0.9 ml) and water (2.7 ml) were added to this solution at  $-78^\circ\text{C}$  and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 14 h. An undissolved material was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (26 ml) and to this solution was added  $\text{NEt}_3$  (1.6 ml, 11.66 mmol) and  $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$  (2.7 ml, 11.66 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 14 h. After solvent was removed, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate, 10/1) to give colorless oil of **1f** (1.37 g, 61%). IR (neat) 3290, 2977, 2101, 1700, 1366, 1252, 1038  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.43 (s, 9 H), 2.92 (t,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 2 H), 3.37 (td,  $J = 6.8, 6.4$  Hz, 2 H), 4.57 (s, 1 H), 5.96 (s, 2 H), 6.91 (s, 1 H), 7.26 (s, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  28.43, 34.60, 41.08, 79.11, 79.53, 82.10, 101.32, 109.55, 112.14, 114.39, 136.72, 145.78, 148.29, 155.71; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  289 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 233, 216, 188, 172, 159, 57; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_4$  289.1314, found 289.1315; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_4$ : C, 66.42; H, 6.62; N, 4.84. Found: C, 66.23; H, 6.61; N, 4.74.

**3-[6-(2-*tert*-Butoxycarbonylamino-ethyl)-benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl]-5-(trimethylsilyl)-pent-2-en-4-ynoic acid methyl ester (2f).** According to the typical procedure for the synthesis of  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ester,  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated acid was synthesized from  $\text{Ni}(\text{cod})_2$  (109 mg, 0.4 mmol), DBU (0.18 mL, 1.2 mmol), **1f** (0.36 mmol) and alkynyl zinc reagent **5** (2.2 mL, 1.1 mmol) in THF (5.8 mL). The crude product was converted into ester **2f**, which was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate, 5/1) to give **2f** (111.2 mg, 69%).

**(5-Ethynyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*g*]isoquinolin-5-yl)-acetic acid**

**methyl ester (3f).** A solution of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (8.4 mL) of **2f** (933 mg, 3.1 mmol) and  $\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$  (1.6 mL, 21 mmol, 10 equiv.) was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with sat.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution and brine, and dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (20 mL) and the solution was refluxed for 18 h. Solvent was removed and the residue was dissolved in THF (8 mL). To this solution was added TBAF (THF solution, 1.0 M, 2.3 mL, 1.1 equiv.) and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with sat.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution and brine, and dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate) to give **3f** (438 mg, 76%). IR (film) 3286, 2952, 1734  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.46 (s, 1 H), 2.62 (ddd,  $J = 16.0, 4.0, 3.2$  Hz, 1 H), 2.84 (ddd,  $J = 16.0, 10.4, 5.6$  Hz, 1 H), 2.89 (d,  $J = 16.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.12 (ddd,  $J = 12.0, 5.6, 3.2$  Hz, 1 H), 3.13 (d,  $J = 16.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.22 (ddd,  $J = 12.0, 10.4, 4.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.70 (s, 3 H), 5.90 (d,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 1 H), 5.92 (d,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 1 H), 6.54 (s, 1 H) 6.79 (s, 1 H)  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  29.71, 39.57, 46.68, 51.77, 53.40, 71.61, 87.00, 100.89, 105.96, 108.84, 128.33, 130.29, 146.08, 146.55, 170.76; LR MS (EI)  $m/z$  273 ( $\text{M}^+$ ), 200, 185; HR MS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4$  273.1001, found 273.1009.

**(6-Allyl-5-ethynyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-g]isoquinolin-5-yl)-acetic acid methyl ester (3f).** To a suspension of **3f** (100 mg, 0.366 mmol) and  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (253 mg, 1.83 mmol, 5 equiv.) in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  (1.2 mL) was added allyl bromide (0.12 mL, 1.46 mmol, 4 equiv.) and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 60 h. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated to give **11** (116.4 mg).



**Acetic acid 1-(6-allyl-5-ethynyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-g]isoquinolin-5-ylmethyl)-allyl ester (13).** A solution of **11** (116.4 mg) in THF was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (36 mg, 0.95 mmol, 3equiv.) at –78 °C and the solution was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. To this suspension was added Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>·10H<sub>2</sub>O and the suspension was stirred at room temperature overnight. An undissolved material was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated to give alcohol (102.7 mg). To the solution of oxalyl chloride (0.1 ml, 1.1 mmol, 3equiv.) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.5 mL) was added DMSO (0.16 mL, 2.2 mmol, 6 equiv.) at –78 °C and the solution was stirred for 2 min. A solution of **12** (102.7 mg) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.5 mL) was stirred at –78 °C for 30 min. To this solution was added NEt<sub>3</sub> (0.6 mL). After the solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, water was added. The aqueous layer was made basic by K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The crude aldehyde was dissolved in THF (2 mL) and to this solution was added vinyl magnesium bromide (THF solution, 1.0 M, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at –78 °C. After the solution was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, water was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residue **12** (102 mg) was dissolved in pyridine (1 mL). To this solution was added Ac<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mL, 5.3 mmol) and DMAP (5 mg) and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 14 h. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate, 4/1) to give colorless oil of **13** (90.2 mg, 70% from **3f**). **less polar:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.01 (s, 3 H), 2.29 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.46 (s, 1 H), 2.46-2.51 (m, 2 H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.77-2.97 (m, 3 H), 3.64 (d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.23-5.27 (m, 2 H), 5.39 (ddd, *J* = 17.2, 10.4, 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.82-5.96 (m, 1 H), 5.91 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.49 (s, 1 H), 6.82 (s, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 21.51, 29.81, 43.96,

44.79, 53.91, 60.11, 71.47, 73.34, 84.44, 100.86, 107.28, 108.07, 114.93, 116.75, 129.81, 130.72, 136.40, 136.47, 146.11, 146.35, 169.61. **more polar:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.57 (s, 3 H), 2.35-2.57 (m, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 1 H), 2.53 (dd,  $J = 11.2$ , 11.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.82-2.92 (m, 2 H), 2.98 (d,  $J = 11.2$  Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (d,  $J = 14.8$  Hz, 1 H), 5.04 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1 H), 5.08 (d,  $J = 15.6$  Hz, 1 H), 5.17 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1 H), 5.32 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1 H), 5.65 (d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1 H), 5.73 (ddd,  $J = 16.8$ , 10.0, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.80-5.91 (m, 1 H), 5.88 (s, 1 H), 5.91 (s, 1 H), 6.47 (s, 1 H) 6.91 (s, 1 H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  20.46, 29.80, 44.51, 44.74, 54.03, 59.66, 70.00, 73.00, 84.84, 100.80, 107.91, 108.24, 114.92, 116.61, 129.08, 130.62, 136.14, 137.08, 145.74, 146.03, 169.35.

**Ring Closure Metathesis of 13.** To a solution of **13** (8.2 mg, 0.023 mmol) in ether (1 ml) was added HCl solution in ether (1.0 M, 0.05 mL, 0.05 mmol, 3equiv.) and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. A solution of the residue and **16** (2 mg, 0.002mmol, 10 mol %) was dissolved in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.5 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature under argon for 16 h. The  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  solution was washed with aqueous  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  solution, and brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/ MeOH, 5/1) to give **14a** (4.5 mg, 50%) and **14b** (4.5 mg, 50%).

### Erythrocarine 6b

A solution of **14a** (4.5 mg, 0.015 mmol) and  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (3.4 mg, 0.025 mmol) in MeOH (0.5 ml) was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. Water was added and the organic layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/ MeOH, 5/1) to give erythrocarine **6b** (3.7 mg, 93%).

In a similar manner, **14b** (4.5 mg) was treated with  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  in MeOH for 4 h to give **15b** (2.0 mg, 53%). **Erythrocaline (6b):**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.70 (s, 3 H),

2.39 (br, 1 H), 2.55 (d,  $J = 14.4$  Hz, 1 H), 2.79-2.91 (m, 3 H), 3.41 (d,  $J = 14.4$  Hz, 1 H), 3.62 (m, 1 H), 3.86 (br, 1 H), 5.38 (t,  $J = 5.6$  Hz, 1 H), 5.87 (s, 1 H), 5.88 (s, 1 H), 5.92 (s, 1 H), 5.99-6.05 (m, 1 H), 6.61 (s, 1 H), 6.77 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1 H), 6.88 (s, 1 H). **Epierythrocaline (15b)**:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  3.50(d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1 H), 3.74 (d,  $J = 15.0$  Hz, 1 H), 5.43 (br, 1 H), 5.77 (s, 1 H), 5.82 (dd,  $J = 10.0, 2.4$  Hz, 1 H), 5.88 (s, 2 H), 6.58 (dd,  $J = 10.0, 2.4$  Hz, 1 H), 6.60 (s, 1 H). 6.78 (s, 1 H).

## References

1) Schunn, R. A. *Inorg. Synth.* **1974**, 15, 5.